

Safety Data Sheet

Isobutanol(IBAL)

1.Identification of the substance or mixture and of the supplier

Trade Name Isobutanol

(IBAL), (Isobutyl Alcohol)

Material Uses : Solvent for coatings, printing inks and textile. Raw material for used in

extractsforpharmaceutical manufacturing.

Supplier : Global Chemie ASCC Limited.

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Emergency Contact : 081-9285826

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification : Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin Irritation: Category 2

Seriuos eye damage: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure: Category 3

Signal word : Danger

Health Hazard : Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritating to skin, eyes and

respiratory system.

Environmental Hazard . Toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic effect on fish and plankton. Has the

potential to bioaccumulate low. Potential exposure to the air above the

surfacetheexplosivevapours.

GHS Pictogram







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GHS Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

: H315 Cause skin irritation.

: H318 Cause serious eye damage.

: H335 May cause respiratory irritation

: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

GHS Precautionary statements

Prevention	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surface and Non- smoking
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P240	Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243	Take precautionary measure against static discharge.
	P261	Avoid breathedust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280	Wear protective glove/eye protection/face protection.
Response	<u>If on skin</u>	
	P303+P361 +P353	Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P370+P378	In case of fire: Use manufacturer/supplier or the competent authority to specify appropriate media for extinction.
	P302+P352	Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	<u>If in eye</u>	
	P305+P351 +P338	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P332+P313	If skin irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	<u>If inhaled</u>	
	P304+P340	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	<u>If swallowed</u>	
	P312	Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P235	Keep cool.
	P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	P501	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more

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stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

Precautionary Pictograms













3. Composition/ Information on ingredients

Chemical Name : 2 – Methyl-1-Propanol

Common Name : Isobutanol

Synonyms Name : 2-Methylpropan-1-ol

CAS No. : 78-83-1 UN No. : 1212 Molecular Weight : 74.12 Chemical Formula : $C_4H_{10}O$

4.First-aid measures

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If the victim has difficulty breathing or

tightness of the chest, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.

Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large

amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing

with soap and water if available.

Eye Contact : Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 10

minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest

medical facility for additional treatment.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting; Do not eat milk and castor oil, transport to

nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

5. Fire - fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog, Dry chemical powder, Alcohol-resistant foam and

Carbon dioxide.

Specific hazard arising from

the chemical

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide if

Special protective action for

fire-fighters

: Keepadjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Protective Equipment. : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

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6.Accidental Release Measures

Protective Measures

•Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

•Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see chapter 8 this Material Safety Data Sheet. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

•Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) allequipment.

Clean-Up Methods

◆Small spillage (< 200 LT) : Transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

◆large spillage(> 200 LT)

Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Other Information

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vaporsmay travel to source of ignition and flash back.

7. Handling And Storage

Handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapours. Extinguish any naked flame. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not smoke. The vapour is heavier than air spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.Handle and open container with care in well-ventilated area. Do not empty into drains.

Storage

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives. Storage Temperature: Ambient.

Product Transfer

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a non-integral pressure relief valve. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding

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and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Recommended Materials : For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.

Additional Advice : Containers even those that have been emptied, can contain

explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar

operations on or near containers.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure Standard : Occupational Exposure Limits

TLV-TWA = 50 ppm
 TLV-STEL = 75 ppm

Engineering Controls

Workplace

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective threshold

limit value.

Respiratory Protection : Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or

equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate.

Hand Protection : Butyl rubber gloves, Nature rubber gloves, Neoprene rubber gloves,

Nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye Protection : Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

Other Protection : Use protective clothing which is chemical resistant to this material.

Safety shoes and boots should also be chemical resistant.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Odour : Specially odour.

pH Value : No data available.

Boiling Point (°C) : 106 -108°C

Melting Point (°C) : -108°C

Flash Point : 27°C

Lower/Upper Flammability

imits

: 1.6 – 12.3 %V

Vapour Pressure (mbar) : 9.5mbar @ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)

Specific Gravity : 0.803@ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)

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Vapour Density : 2.55 (air = 1)

Solubility in Water : 85 g/Lt. @ 20 °C

Auto Ignition Temperature : 410℃

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions

Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Polymerisation : No.

Conditions to Avoid : Heat, flame, spark and other ignition sources.

Materials to Avoid : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be

evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or

oxidative degradation. May form explosive peroxides.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

LD₅₀Acute oral toxicity
 LD₅₀Acute dermal toxicity
 >2,000 mg/kg , (rat)
 >2,000 mg/kg , (rabbit)

LC₅₀ Acute Inhalation

Toxicity : >6.5 mg/l/ 4 hours , (rat)

Skin Irritation : Irritating to skin.

Eye Irritation : Irritating to eyes.Inflammation of the eye is characterized by

redness, pain and itching.

Respiratory Irritation : Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory

system and may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Carcinogenicity : No data available.

12. Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity

Mobility : Dissolves in water.

If product enters soil, it will highly mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Persistence / Degradability : Readily biodegradable.

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Bio-accumulation : Has the potential to bioaccumulate low.

13. Disposal Considerations

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste

generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classifications and

disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Container Disposal : Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away

from sparks and fire. Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld unclenaed drums. Send to drum recoverer or

metal reclaimer.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national,

and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be

complied with.

14. Transport Information

Road/Rail Transport ADR/RID

• UN. Number : 1212

• Class/Item : 3

• Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name : Isobutanol

◆ Packing Group : III

Maritime Transport IMO

• UN. Number : 1212

• Class : 3.3

◆ Packing Group : III

Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name : Isobutanol

• Marine Pollutant : No

Air Transport IATA/ICAO

• UN. Number : 1212

• Class : 3

• Packing Group : III

• Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

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Proper Shipping Name : Isobutanol

15. Regulatory Information

EC Label Name : Isobutanol

EC Classification : Flammable.

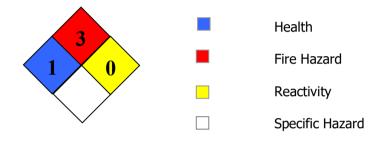
EINECS (EC) : 201-148-0

EC Annex I Number : 603-004-00-6

RETCS : NP 9625000

16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (USA)



MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to all

who may handle the product.

Prepared By : Quality Control Department.

Global Chemie ASCC Limited

Disclaimer: The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying

data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty of guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the

product.

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